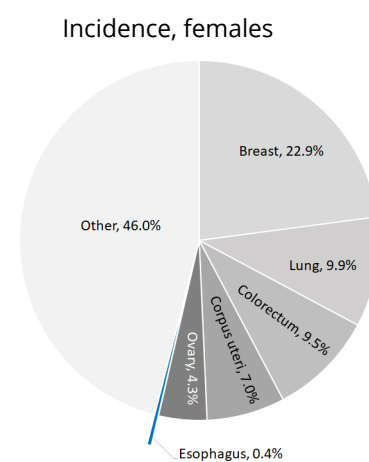
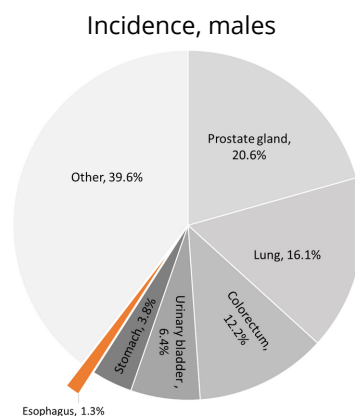
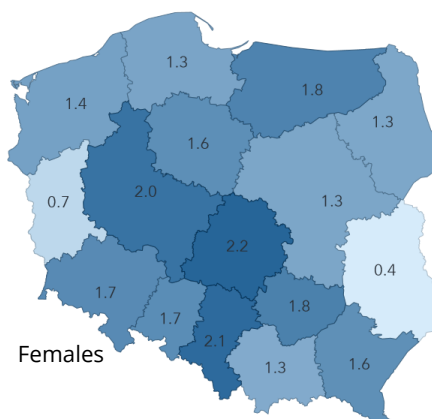
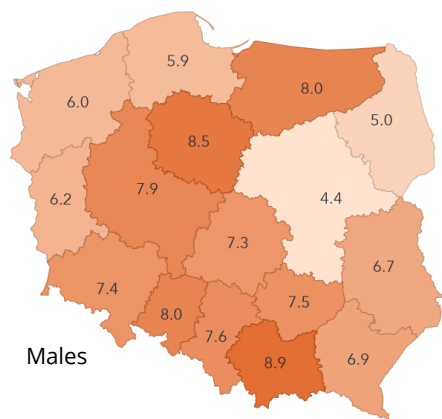


# ESOPHAGEAL CANCER - 2019

## Factsheet

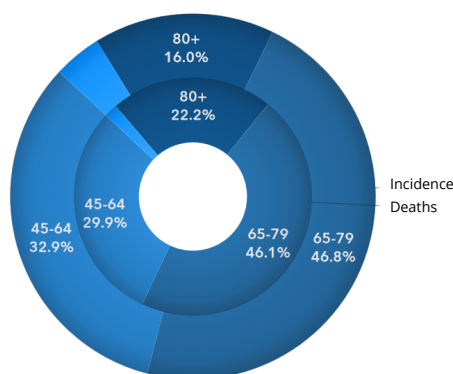
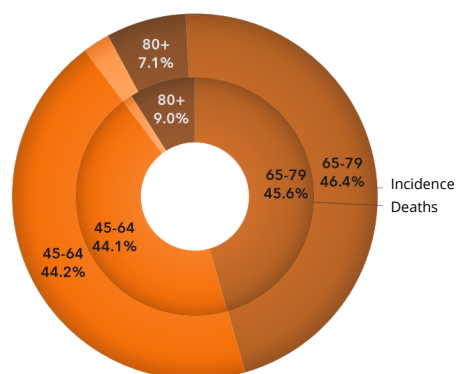
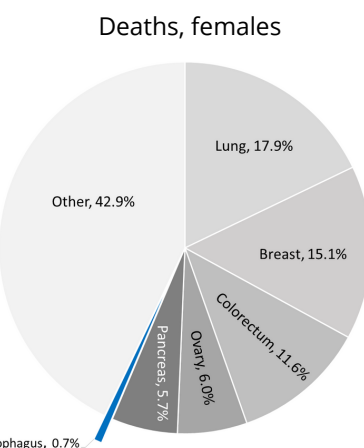
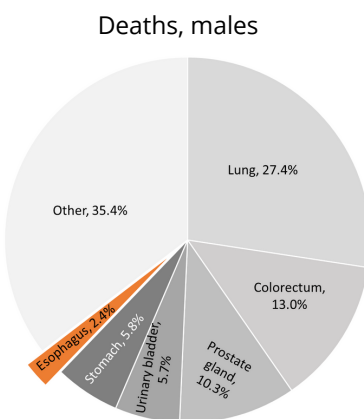
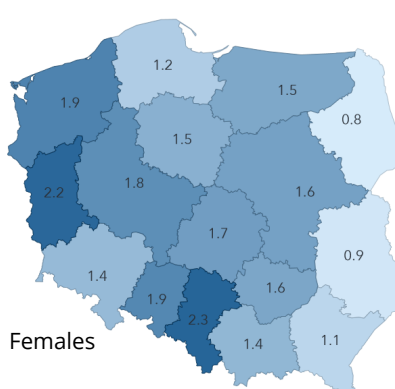
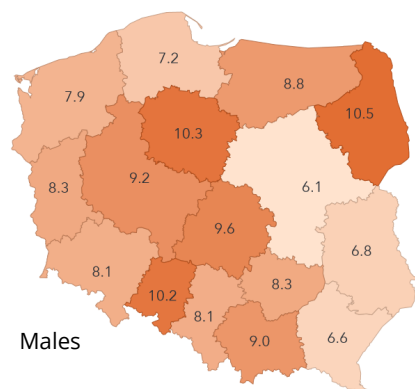
### Morbidity

	Males	Females	Both
Number of cases in 2019	1139	331	1470
Crude rate	6.1	1.7	3.8
Standardized rate (ASE)	6.9	1.6	3.9
Cumulative risk (to age 74)	1 of 21764	1 of 100229	-
Percentage of all cancers	1.3%	0.4%	0.9%
Predicted number of cases in 2024	1141	327	1468
Predicted standardized rate (ASE) in 2024	6.4	1.5	3.6

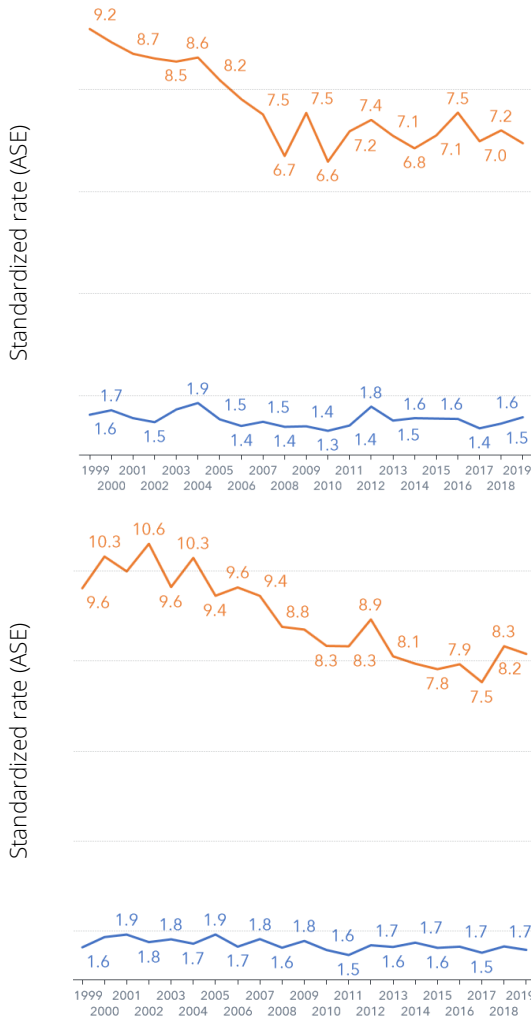


### Mortality

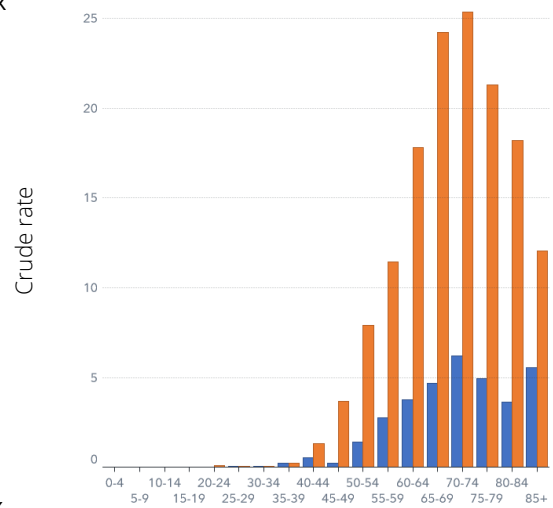
	Males	Females	Both
Number of cases in 2019	1311	334	1645
Crude rate	7.1	1.7	4.3
Standardized rate (ASE)	8.2	1.6	4.4
Cumulative risk (to age 74)	1 of 19831	1 of 109920	-
Percentage of all cancers	2.4%	0.7%	1.6%
Predicted number of cases in 2024	1258	353	1611
Predicted standardized rate (ASE) in 2024	7.2	1.6	4.0



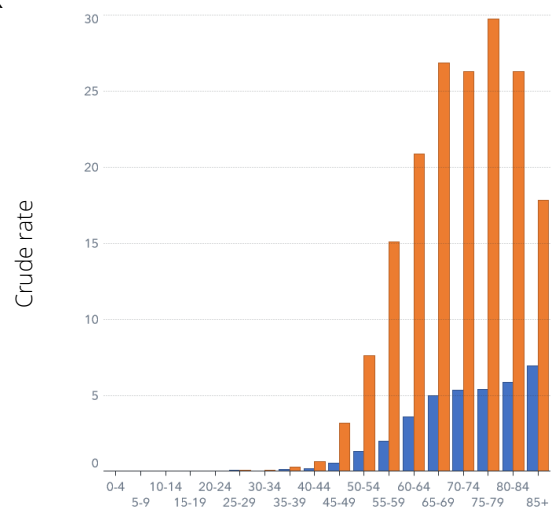
## Factsheet



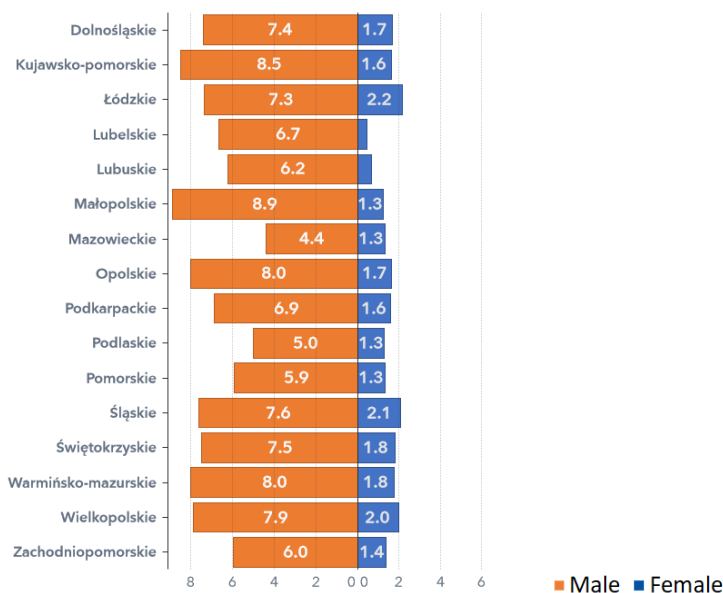
## Incidence by sex



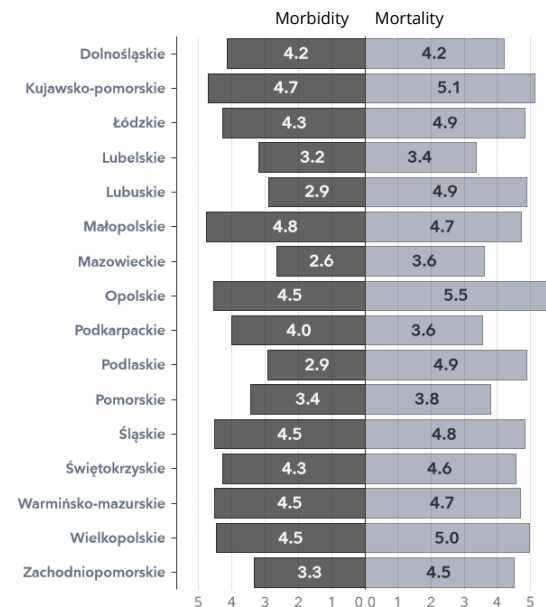
## Mortality by sex



## Incidence by sex (standardized rate ASE)



## Standardized rate (ASE)



## Esophageal cancer risk factors:

- age, esophageal tumors are more common after the age of 55,
- drinking high-proof alcohol, smoking and chewing tobacco,
- obesity
- condition after radiotherapy of the mediastinum,
- dietary factors: vitamin deficiencies, burns with hot food, consumption of hot spices and stale food contaminated with mold fungi.

More:



<http://onkologia.org.pl>